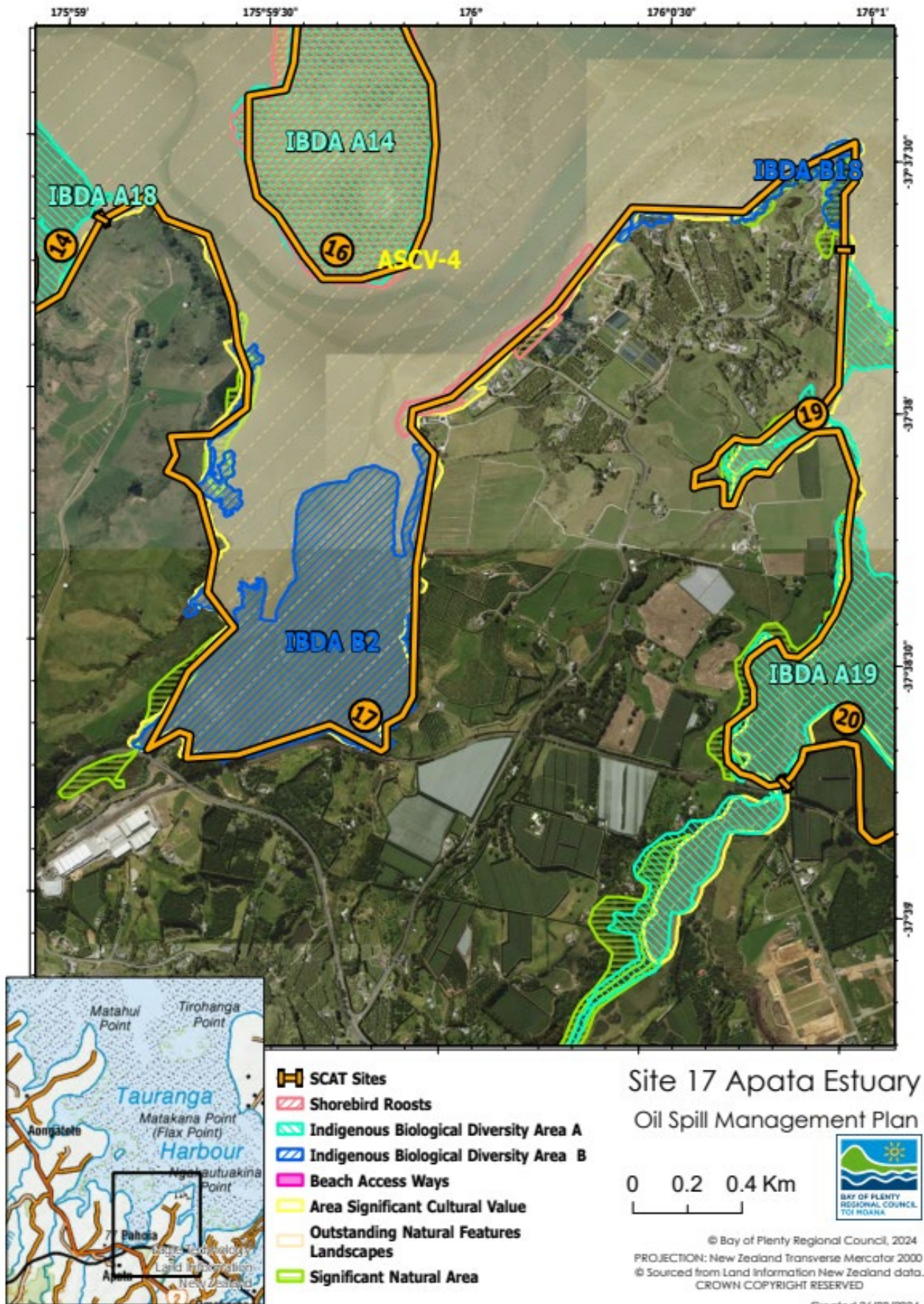


Site 17	Apata Estuary	Risk ranking: 2
DESCRIPTION Contains a large, good quality stand of mangroves, with relatively narrow strips of saltmarsh along the margins. Ngakautuakina Point has a small area of Pohutukawa forest and Mamaku scrub.		
Foreshore type/environmental value	Intertidal sandflats, saltmarsh, mangrove All intertidal areas in Tauranga Harbour are identified as Areas of Significant Cultural Value (ASCV 4) Indigenous Biological Diversity Area B2 and B18	
Map sheets	NZ Topo 50 BD36 Lower Kaimai	Chart Number NZ541; NZ5411
Segments	TAU-00450, TAU-00460	
At Risk Resources - Local birds include: Australasian bittern (matuku hūrepo), banded rail (kataitai), North Island fernbird (mātātā) - Whitebait (inanga)		
Notes Where possible, oil should be prevented from entering the Tauranga Harbour		
Actions - Notify wildlife team of potential for oiling - Consider pre-emptive capture of wildlife generally - Activation of oiled wildlife response collection teams if required		
Access Foot and boats.		

Preferred Response Option Matrix

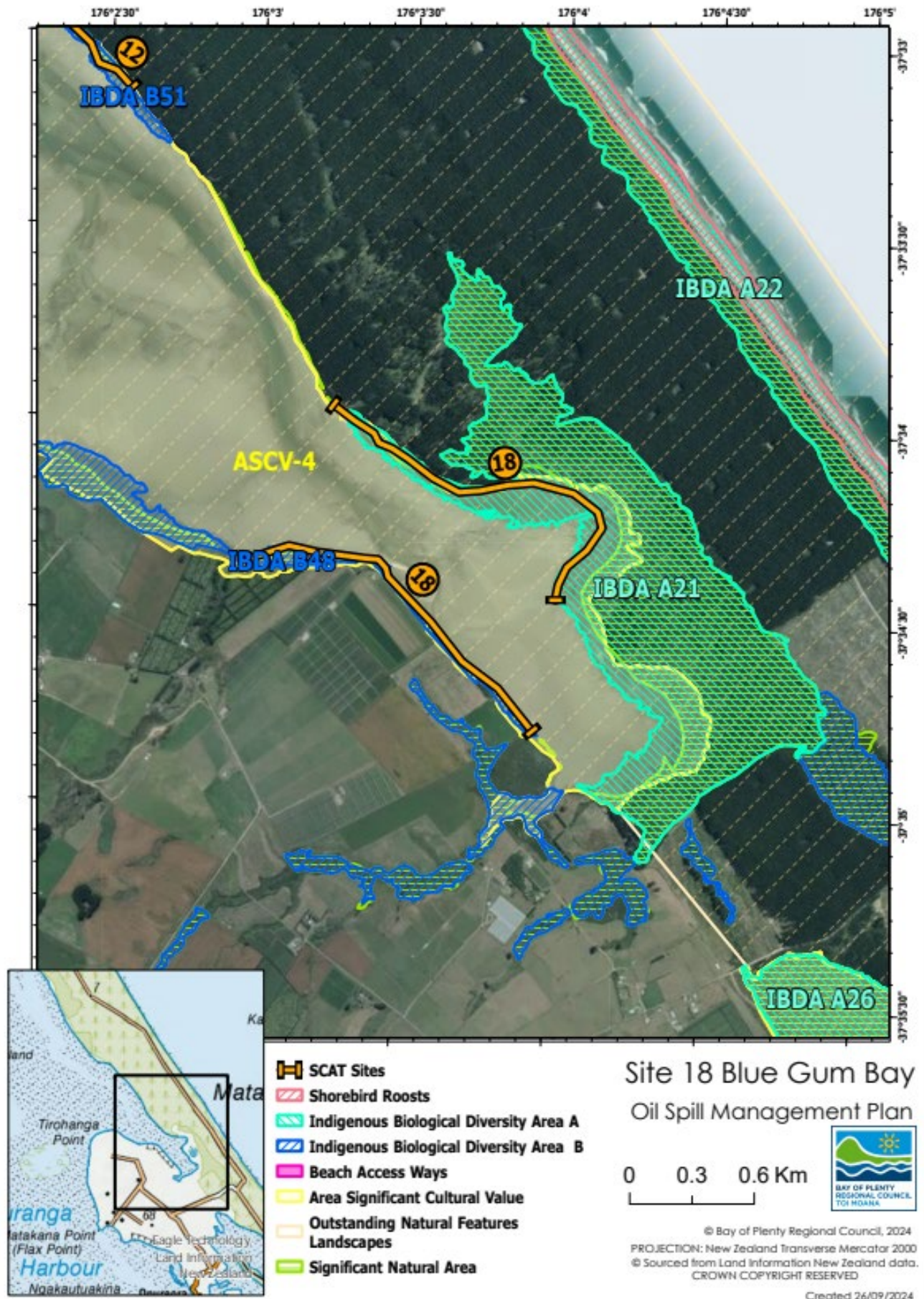
	Most preferred	Least preferred	Feasibility
Containment and Recovery	High		Possible with use of natural collection points
On water Recovery	High		Possible in the channel areas
Dispersant Application	Low	Requires escalation to Tier 3 and MNZ approval	Water depth won't allow
Shoreline Clean-up	Medium		Labour intensive
Natural Recovery	Medium		On-going monitoring



Site 18	Blue Gum Bay	Risk ranking: 1
DESCRIPTION Blue Gum Bay is an extensive wetland, much of which is a relatively unmodified, representative example of the estuarine and freshwater vegetation of Tauranga Harbour. Saltmarsh with mangrove edge, important feeding area for wide range of bird species.		
Foreshore type/environmental value	Intertidal sandflats, saltmarsh, mangroves, seagrass All shore segments have “habitat value” All intertidal areas in Tauranga Harbour are identified as Areas of Significant Cultural Value (ASCV 4) Indigenous Biological Diversity Area A21 and B48	
Map sheets	TOPO 50 BC36 Katikati BD36 Lower Kaimai	Chart Number NZ 541
Segments	TAU-00790, TAU-00810	
At Risk Resources • Banded rail (katakaitai), bittern (matuku hūrepo), spotless crane (pūweto), marsh crane (koitareke) and North Island fernbird (matata) • Range of duck species • Wetland margin, intertidal habitats, mudflats, saltmarsh • Flounder (Patiki) breeding • Mud snail (Titiko) and oysters (tio) • Cultural values: Mahinga Kai		
Notes Actions • Prevent/minimise oil ingress into this system, locality could be protected by booming the local bay • Notify wildlife team of potential for oiling • Consider pre-emptive capture of wildlife generally • Activation of oiled wildlife response collection teams if required		
Access Foot access at low tide via Matakana Island.		

Preferred Response Option Matrix

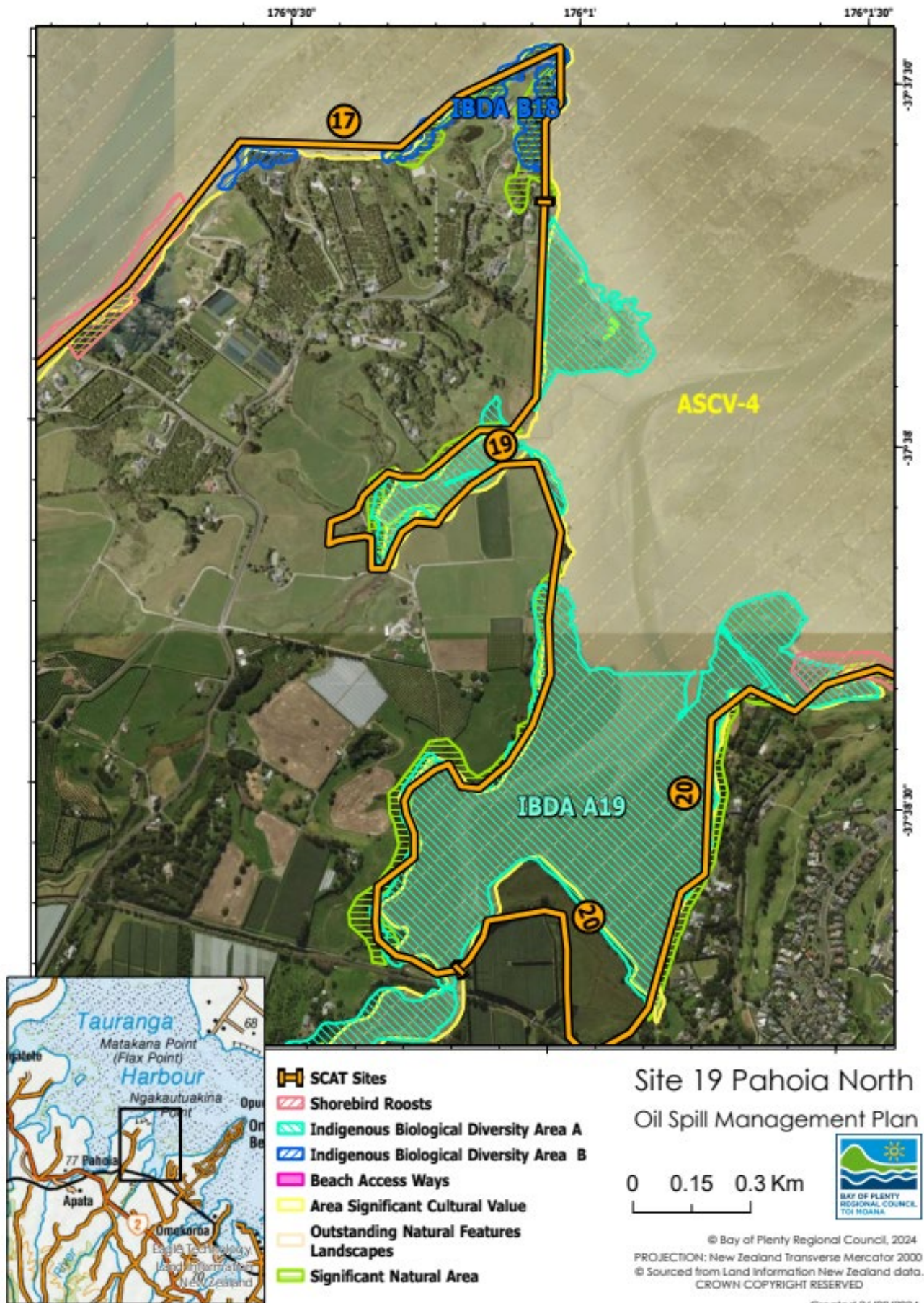
	Most preferred	Least preferred	Feasibility
Containment and Recovery	High		Shallow but can be effectively boomed
On water Recovery	Medium		Only possible in narrow channel
Dispersant Application	Low	Requires escalation to Tier 3 and MNZ approval	Water depth won't allow
Shoreline Clean-up	High		Likely to be best option
Natural Recovery	High		See NEBA



Site 19	Pahoia North	Risk ranking: 2
DESCRIPTION Low energy estuary tidal lower reaches, small area of saltmarsh with manuka in behind		
Foreshore type/environmental value	Intertidal sandflats, saltmarsh, mangroves, seagrass. All shore segments have “habitat value” All intertidal areas in Tauranga Harbour are identified as Areas of Significant Cultural Value (ASCV 4) Indigenous Biological Diversity Area A19	
Map sheets	NZ Topo 50 BD36 Lower Kaimai	Chart Number NZ541; NZ5411
Segments	Northern part of TAU- 00440	
At Risk Resources - Local birds include: Australasian bittern (matuku hūrepo), banded rail (kataitai), North Island fernbird (mātātā), Caspian tern (taranui), pied shag (karuhiruhi), black stilt (kakī), pied oystercatcher (tōrea). - Whitebait (inanga) Cultural Sites/Resources U14/1206		
Notes and preferred protection and clean-up options Where possible, oil should be prevented from entering the Tauranga Harbour.		
Actions - Notify wildlife team of potential for oiling - Consider pre-emptive capture of wildlife generally - Activation of oiled wildlife response collection teams if required		
Access Foot.		

Preferred Response Option Matrix

	Most preferred	Least preferred	Feasibility
Containment and Recovery	High		Possible with use of natural collection points
On water Recovery	High		Possible in the channel areas
Dispersant Application	Low	Requires escalation to Tier 3 and MNZ approval	Water depth won't allow
Shoreline Clean-up	Medium		Labour intensive
Natural Recovery	Medium		On-going monitoring



Site 20	Pahoia South	Risk ranking: 2
DESCRIPTION This site contains a representative, relatively large area of high quality oioi sedgeland inland from the main harbour adjacent to a tidal stream. Waipapa Estuary is a relatively large, high quality example of mangrove stands and saltmarsh. Mangrove scrub and shrublands form the cover over much of this area.		
Foreshore type/environmental value	Intertidal sandflats, saltmarsh, mangroves, seagrass. All intertidal areas in Tauranga Harbour are identified as Areas of Significant Cultural Value (ASCV 4) Indigenous Biological Diversity Area A19	
Map sheets	NZ Topo 50 BD36 Lower Kaimai	Chart Number NZ541; NZ5411
Segments	Southern part of TAU-00440	
At Risk Resources - Local birds include: Australasian bittern (matuku hūrepo), banded rail (kataitai), North Island fernbird (mātātā), Caspian tern (taranui), pied shag (karuhiruhi), black stilt (kakī), pied oystercatcher (tōrea). - The sandspit to the northwest of Ōmokoroa golf course is a roosting site for shorebirds. - Whitebait (inanga)		
Notes Where possible, oil should be prevented from entering the Tauranga Harbour		
Actions - Notify wildlife team of potential for oiling - Consider pre-emptive capture of wildlife generally - Activation of oiled wildlife response collection teams if required		
Access Via Omokoroa by foot.		

Preferred Response Option Matrix

	Most preferred	Least preferred	Feasibility
Containment and Recovery	High		Possible with use of natural collection points
On water Recovery	High		Possible in the channel areas
Dispersant Application	Low	Requires escalation to Tier 3 and MNZ approval	Water depth won't allow
Shoreline Clean-up	Medium		Labour intensive
Natural Recovery	Medium		On-going monitoring

